9. Studies in the history of Indian Philosophy: Athology of articles by scholars Eastern and Western.

III. *Shri Dharampal:*

1. Indian Science and Technology in the 18th century;

2. Civil Disobedience and Indian Tradition with some early 19th century documents; and

3. The Madras Panchyat System, *vols,* i & n.

Nomination of Historians to ICHR

2865. SHRI KAILASH PATI MISHRA: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to slate:

(a) what are the criterion for selection of 'eminent Historians' for nomination to the Indian Council of Historical Research;

(b) whether six scholars were nominated from Delhi alone, only one scholar was nominated from Utter Pradesh and none from Orissa, Andhra Pradesh, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Kashmir, etc.;

(c) whether Government propose to lay down specific guidelines so that proper representation is given to all parts of the country and on merit alone; and

(d) what measures are being taken to ensure objectivity in historical writings guided by the ICHR?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT . (SHRI L. P. SHAHI): (a) to (c) Merit is given primary consideration while making nominations of 18 'historians' on the Indian Council of Historical Research. However, efforts are made to give representation, as far as possible, to all parts of the country and every field of history. Of the 18 historians nominated on the Council, 5 ar© based in Delhi, one in Uttar Pradesh, one in Kerala, one in Karnataka; three in West Bengal, two in Tamil Nadu, two in Maharashtra, one in Punjab, one in Meghalaya and one in Bihar.

(d) One of the main objects of the ICHR is to encourage and foster objective and scientific writing of history. For the achievement of the aforesaid objective, the Council gives financial assistance towards fellowship, research projects, publications, travel grants; holding of seminars/workshops, etc.

Seminar on Use of Tobacca

2866. SHRIMATI ELA RAMESH BHATT; Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that at a recent Seminar held at Delhi a call has been made to discourage use of tobacco in all its forms in view of the various diseases caused by its use; and

(b) whether like hashish, indigo etc. Government propose to work out a plan to phase out tobacco from the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI SAROJ KHAPARDE): (a) and (b) The first Conference of Central Council for Health & Family Welfare held in February, 1988 has recommended that the State Governments should get a resolution passed in the State Legislatures on adoption of a package of anti-tobacco measures to enable the Parliament to enact a legislation. The package of anti-tobacco measures recommended include the following: —

(i) The existing 'Statutory warning oncigarette packets/advertisementx/lioardings that "Cigarette smoking is injuriousto health" should be expanded *to* includeother telling slogans.

(ii) The statutory warning should be extended to other tobacco products each - as chewing tobacco, tobacco-based, pan masala, Guthka, tobacco-based tooth powders and the warning, should be printed in English. Hindi and other regional languages,

(iii) Prohibition of advertisements on cigarettesjbidis. tobacco-based pan masala and all other tobacco products.